IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 17TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

CIRCUIT CIVIL DIVISION

CASE NO.: CACE-18-027854

SCOTTIE M. PIPPEN, as Trustee of the SCOTTIE M PIPPEN REVOCABLE TRUST

Plaintiff,

V.

LINDSAY GLAZER WOLOSHIN and JACOB WOLOSHIN

Defendant.

AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, SCOTTIE M. PIPPEN, as Trustee OF THE SCOTTIE M. PIPPEN REVOCABLE TRUST ("<u>Plaintiff</u>") by and through undersigned counsel hereby sues Defendant LINDSAY GLAZER WOLOSHIN ("<u>Glazer</u>") and JACOB WOLOSHIN ("<u>Woloshin</u>") and alleges:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. Plaintiff is the owner of certain real property located at 2571 Del Lago Drive, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33136 (the "Property").
- 2. Defendant Glazer is an individual who, at all material times relevant hereto was a resident of Broward County, Florida. Indeed, Glazer together with her husband Jacob Woloshin own the property located at 101 S Gordon Road, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301 and have designated same as their homestead. Glazer is also a licensed member of the Florida Bar, who lists her mailing address as 101 S Gordon Road, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301-3741. Glazer claims to be employed with

JASON B. GILLER, P.A.

701 BRICKELL AVENUE, SUITE 2000 · MIAMI, FL 33131 · TELEPHONE: [305] 999-1906 · FACSIMILE: [305] 489-8530

Lindsay Glazer, P.A. but said firm was *voluntarily* dissolved in 2008. In light of the foregoing, Defendant Glazer has significant ties to Broward County, Florida and has engaged in systematic, routine and not isolated commercial activities within said county.

- 3. Defendant Woloshin is an individual who, at all material times relevant hereto was a resident of Broward County, Florida. Defendant Woloshin resides with his wife, Glazer at 101 S Gordon Road, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33101 and for which he claims homestead status. Defendant Woloshin is also registered with the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation as an architect eligible for exam and lists his homestead property as his main address. Accordingly, Woloshin conducts routine, systematic and not isolated business in the State of Florida. Upon information and belief, Woloshin is also the holder of a valid Florida Driver's License.
- 4. Defendant Glazer conducts routine, systematic and not isolated business in the State of Florida. Upon information and belief, Glazer is also the holder of a valid Florida Driver's License.
- The instant action pertains to a lease agreement governing the terms of use of the Property,
 which as identified above is *situae* in Broward County, Florida.
- 6. This Court has jurisdiction over the parties pursuant to Fla. Stats. §§48.193(1)(a)(1.),(7.) and 48.193(2).
 - 7. Venue is proper in Broward County, Florida pursuant to §47.011.
- 8. The instant action seeks damages in excess of \$15,000.00 exclusive of attorneys' fees, costs and interest. Accordingly, this Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to Fla. Stat. \$26.012(2)(a).

PERTINENT BACKGROUND FACTS AND GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 9. In September 2017, Hurricane Irma hit South Florida, including Ft. Lauderdale, Florida. Glazer, then living with her husband Jacob Woloshin ("Woloshin") at 101 South Gordon Road, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301, *claimed* damage to their home. Indeed, upon information and belief, Glazer submitted a claim to her insurer, Chubb for coverage of said damage, and coverage for temporary housing while the repairs were made. In connection with Glazer's insurance claim, Glazer and Woloshin, with the help of their insurance carrier, Chubb, and its housing agent, CRS Temporary Housing sought out temporary housing in the Ft. Lauderdale area.
- 10. Eventually Glazer set her sights on Plaintiff's Property despite being more than three (3) times the size of their own abode. Seemingly demonstrative of her inability to afford the rental, Glazer redirected funds paid by Chubb for "dwelling repairs" to satisfy the initial security deposit obligations under the Lease (as defined below).
- 11. After extensive negotiations, Plaintiff and Defendant entered into a written lease agreement which is attached hereto as **Exhibit "A"** (the "**Lease**").
 - 12. The material terms of the Lease included:
 - a. Glazer's obligation to timely pay rent in the monthly amount of \$30,000.00;
 - b. Glazer's obligation to timely pay "for all utility services during the Lease Term";
 - c. Limiting Glazer and Woloshin's use of the Property for personal residential use; and,
 - d. Glazer and Woloshin's obligation to maintain the Property in "top show condition".
- 13. For the duration of the Lease, Glazer also agreed that the "Property and its contents shall be kept in pristine condition and *not subject* to reasonable wear and tear." (emphasis supplied). Tenants also agreed to obtain a renter's insurance policy in the amount of \$1,000,000.00 to cover furnishings, personal property, casualty and liability insurance naming Plaintiff as an additional insured and loss payee under said policy.

- 14. In addition, Glazer expressly agreed that at the conclusion of the Lease Term, she would "surrender the Property to Landlord in the same condition as it was delivered."
- 15. These terms were material and materially induced Plaintiff to enter into the Lease because, and as the Lease memorializes, the property was actively listed for sale and being marketed for approximately \$10,000,000.00.
- 16. Glazer assured all parties, including Plaintiff that she came from a very prominent family, always met her obligations, would respect the home and its condition, and cooperate in all respects.
- 17. Glazer touted having domestic staff and help, so much so that she rejected having staff familiar with the house help in any meaningful fashion.
- 18. Notwithstanding her obligations to Plaintiff, Glazer materially breached the Lease and ignored her duties by:
 - a. Neglecting the care of the home;
 - b. Allowing many aspects of the home to fall into disrepair;
 - c. Allowing her "domestic animals" to urinate on furniture, linens, beds, floors, carpets and basically anything else they chose;
 - d. Damaging the front gate;
 - e. Damaging the home entertainment system;
 - f. Destroying countless cabinets and drawers;
 - g. Failing to pay rent when due;
 - h. Using the home for commercial use;
 - Failing to obtain renter's insurance naming Plaintiff as an additional insured and loss payee;
 - j. Failing to pay utility bills when due;
 - k. Literally stealing personal household items including a Cuisinart knife set and other utensils;
 - 1. Causing the home to become infected with insects;
 - m. Illegally using the Property for commercial purposes; and

- n. Failing to return the Property to Plaintiff in the same condition in which it was tendered.
- 19. In addition to Glazer's contractual obligations to Plaintiff, she also had a legal duty to:
 - a. at all times during the tenancy:
 - Comply with all obligations imposed upon tenants by applicable provisions of building, housing and health codes;
 - ii. Keep the Property clean and sanitary;
 - iii. Remove all garbage from the Property in a clean and sanitary manner;
 - iv. Keep all plumbing fixtures in the Property clean, sanitary and in good working order;
 - Use and operate all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, airconditioning and other facilities, appliances and elevators in a reasonable manner; and,
 - vi. Not destroy, deface, damage, impair or remove any part of the Property or the personal property therein belonging to the landlord, nor allow any of same to be done by someone else.
- 20. Notwithstanding these contractual and legal obligations, Glazer allowed her family, pets, illegal guests and others to deface and otherwise cause damage to the Property.
- 21. Notwithstanding these contractual and legal obligations, Glazer used the Property for commercial purposes, and on at least one occasion, held a material "stand up comedy show".
- 22. Notwithstanding these contractual and legal obligations, Glazer allowed her family and pets to urinate throughout the Property, not only creating an unsanitary condition but also causing permanent damage therein and thereto.
- 23. Notwithstanding these contractual and legal obligations, Glazer did not keep the Property in good repair.
- 24. Notwithstanding these contractual and legal obligations, Glazer illegally removed personal property from the Property.

- 25. While these issues were routinely addressed with Glazer during the Lease Term, she rebuffed assistance, refused entry, and otherwise actively concealed the gravity and other unknown problems in a patently contrived effort to conceal the damage she was causing to the Property.
- 26. In total, the damage Glazer caused or permitted to be caused to the Property was approximately \$109,317.62, exclusive of late fees, interest and legal fees.
- 27. Despite lengthy and good faith efforts to resolve the claims, Glazer not only refused to contribute anything towards these extensive damages, but also demanded that the security deposit paid by her insurer and CRS, be paid, in whole or in part to her!
- 28. Plaintiff has engaged Jason B. Giller, P.A. to bring this cause of action and has agreed to pay Jason B. Giller, P.A. a reasonable hourly rate for same. Tenant is legally responsible to reimburse Plaintiff for all amounts paid to Jason B. Giller, P.A. in connection with the Lease and this action, as it was her conduct which gave rise to same.
 - 29. All conditions precedent to this action have been performed, satisfied and/or waived.

COUNTI

(Breach of Lease Against Glazer and Woloshin)

Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully stated herein the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 29 above and further alleges:

- 30. This is an action for breach of the Lease and for damages.
- 31. At the time the parties were negotiating the Lease, it was understood that the Lease was not only for Glazer, but was also intended to provide housing to her husband, Woloshin and their 4 year old daughter, together with domestic staff. Indeed, Section 2 of the Lease specifically provides that the Property shall only be occupied by: "Jacob & Lindsay Woloshin, [D.W.] (4 years old), Lab dog and 1 cat, Tanja Powell (Nanny housekeeper)." Lease p. 1.
- 32. In addition to the clear expression and memorial of the parties' intent that the Lease would necessarily benefit Woloshin, it was also understood that Glazer, as an attorney and marital agent,

spoke for, represented and otherwise was an agent of her husband, Woloshin. In other words, it was understood that Glazer was Woloshin's agent.

- 33. The Lease is a legally enforceable agreement between Plaintiff and Defendants.
- 34. As set forth in bold on the top of the first page of the Lease, the Lease, and the parties are governed by Chapter 83, Part II, Residential Landlord and Tenant Act, Florida Statutes. A copy of said act was attached to the Lease, which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".
- 35. Accordingly, Plaintiff has standing to bring this action for damages against Defendants pursuant to Fla. Stat. §83.55.
 - 36. Defendants materially breached the lease by, *inter alia*:
 - a. failing to maintain and keep the Property in good condition;
 - b. failing to maintain and keep the Property in top show condition;
 - c. using the Property for commercial purposes;
 - d. failing to obtain and provide the required insurance set forth in the Lease;
 - e. allowing the Property to be defaced, damaged and otherwise to fall into disrepair;
 - f. illegally removing Plaintiff's personal property from the Property;
 - g. allowing animals and others to urinate throughout the home, thereby causing permanent stains and unsanitary conditions;
 - h. allowing mold to grow on the patio furniture;
 - i. failing to timely pay rent;
 - i. failing to timely pay utility charges;
 - k. failing to return the Property to Plaintiff in the same condition it was tendered.
 - 37. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breach, Plaintiff has been damaged.

- 38. Pursuant to Fla. Stat. §83.48, Plaintiff is entitled to the recovery of its attorneys' fees and costs in this action.
- 39. Plaintiff reserves the right to amend this Complaint to add additional allegations as they become known and seek punitive damages.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants Lindsay Glazer Woloshin and Jacob Woloshin, jointly and severally for all damages provided for at law, pre-judgment interest, an award for reasonable legal fees and costs and any other relief this Court deems necessary and/or proper.

COUNT II

(Conversion Against Glazer and Woloshin)

Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully stated herein the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 29 above and further alleges:

- 40. This is an action for conversion against Defendants Woloshin and Glazer.
- 41. Defendants Glazer and Woloshin, collectively and individually, wrongfully asserted dominion and control over property belonging to Plaintiff, including but not limited to the wrongful exercise of dominion over Plaintiff's personal property such as kitchenware.
- 42. Among the personal property removed without Plaintiff's consent was a Cusinart knife set, kitchen utensils, door handles and cabinet knobs.
- 43. Defendants Glazer and Woloshin retained said personal property with the intent to deprive Plaintiff of its rights to use, possession and ownership thereof.
- 44. Defendants' dominion over Plaintiff's property was violative of and inconsistent with Plaintiff's ownership and interest in same.
 - 45. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff has been damaged.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants Lindsay Glazer Woloshin and Jacob Woloshin, jointly and severally for all damages provided for at law, pre-judgment interest, court costs and any other relief this Court deems necessary and/or proper.

COUNT III

(Civil Action Against Parents for Torts Committed by Minors)
Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully stated herein the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 29 above and further alleges:

- 46. Fla. Stat. §741.24 provides anyone damaged by tortious conduct, including but not limited to property damage committed by minors, a private right of action against the offending minor's custodial parents.
- 47. At all times material hereto, Defendants Woloshin and Glazer were both the natural and custodial parents of their minor child, D.M.
- 48. At all times material hereto, Woloshin and Glazer were charged with custody over D.M., and relatedly, responsibility for her conduct.
- 49. While Defendants were tenants in the Property, they permitted D.M. to deface certain elements of the Property with markers, crayons and/or cause damage of similar nature.
- 50. As a direct and proximate result of D.M.'s property damage, and Defendants' failure as parents, Plaintiff was damaged in the nature of repair costs.
- 51. Pursuant to Fla. Stat. §741.24(2), Plaintiff is entitled to recover actual damages and taxable court costs from Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants Lindsay Glazer Woloshin and Jacob Woloshin, jointly and severally for all damages provided for at law, taxable court costs, and any other relief this Court deems necessary and/or proper.

COUNT IV

(Negligence)

Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully stated herein the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 29 above and further alleges:

- 52. During the Lease Term, Defendants were in sole legal possession of the Property.
- 53. As such, Defendants were charged to maintain the Property in accord with the standards set forth by Florida law, as modified by the Lease agreement.
- 54. Per the Lease, the Defendants, as the parties in exclusive legal possession of the Property, were required to keep the Property in "pristine condition", "top show condition", free from "wear and tear" and in "the same condition as it was delivered."
- 55. Notwithstanding this standard of care, Defendants breached their duties and obligations by either directly causing or permitting damage to Property, including but not limited to:
 - a. failing to maintain and keep the Property in pristine and top show condition;
 - b. allowing the Property to be defaced, damaged and otherwise to fall into disrepair;
 - c. allowing animals and others to urinate throughout the home, thereby causing permanent stains and unsanitary conditions;
 - d. allowing mold to grow on the patio furniture;
 - e. damaging the front gate;
 - f. damaging the home entertainment system;
 - g. destroying countless cabinets and drawers;
 - h. causing the home to become infected with insects; and,
 - i. failing to return the Property to Plaintiff in the same condition it was tendered.
- 56. Whether the damage was caused by the Defendants directly, or by their minor child, their nanny, or any other invitee is irrelevant, as the Defendants, both as the persons in exclusive legal

possession and custodial parents of their minor child, and charged with the oversight of others were legally responsible for the Property.

57. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' breach of its duties and obligations, and otherwise failure to conform to the requisite standard of care, Plaintiff has been damaged.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants Lindsay Glazer Woloshin and Jacob Woloshin, jointly and severally for all damages provided for at law, pre-judgment interest, an award for reasonable legal fees and costs, and any other relief this Court deems necessary and/or proper.

COUNT V

(Vicarious Liability)

Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully stated herein the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 29 and 52 through 56 above and further alleges:

- 58. At all times material hereto, Defendants were both the natural and custodial parents of their minor child, D.M.
- 59. At all times material hereto, Defendants were legally responsible for D.M., their guests and invitees, and relatedly, their conduct *vis-à-vis* the Property.
- 60. While Defendants were tenants in the Property, Defendants permitted D.M. and others to deface certain elements of the Property with markers, crayons and/or cause damage of similar nature.
- 61. In addition, Defendants permitted their household pets to urinate on mattresses, furniture, carpets and flooring. Similarly, Defendants also permitted their household pets to either chew or scratch the floors and other elements of the Property.
- 62. As a direct and proximate result of such conduct, Plaintiff was damaged in the nature of repair and/or replacement costs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants Lindsay Glazer Woloshin and Jacob Woloshin, jointly and severally for all damages provided for at law, pre-judgment interest, an award for reasonable legal fees and costs, and any other relief this Court deems necessary and/or proper.

COUNT VI

(Negligence for Failing to Control Domestic Pets)

Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully stated herein the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 29 above and further alleges:

- 63. Defendants at all times material hereto possessed and kept domestic pets, including a dog and a cat, at the Property.
- 64. Defendants, as owners of said domestic pets, were charged with the duty to control the animals and their conduct.
- 65. Furthermore, Defendants as tenants in sole legal possession of the Property, were legally and contractually charged to maintain the Property in accord with the standards set forth by Florida law, as well as the terms of the Lease agreement.
- 66. Notwithstanding, Defendants breached their duties and obligations by permitting their domestic pets to cause damage to the Property.
- 67. Defendants allowed their pets to urinate throughout the Property, on furniture, linens, beds, floors, and carpets, not only creating unsanitary conditions, but also causing permanent damage to the Property. Defendants also permitted their pets to scratch and/or bite Plaintiff's property.
- 68. Relatedly, Defendants let their animals shed profusely, and when the Property was surrendered to Plaintiff was inundated with pet hair, requiring excessive cleaning.
- 69. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff has been damaged.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants Lindsay Glazer Woloshin and Jacob Woloshin, jointly and severally for all damages provided for at law, pre-judgment interest, an award for reasonable legal fees and costs, and any other relief this Court deems necessary and/or proper.

RESERVATION TO AMEND FOR PUNITIVE DAMAGES

Plaintiff reserves the right to amend this complaint and actions stated herein for punitive damages.

Respectfully Submitted,

JASON B. GILLER, P.A. *Attorneys for Plaintiff* 701 Brickell Avenue, 20th Floor

Miami, FL 33131

Telephone: (305) 999-1906 Facsimile: (305) 489-8530 E-Mail: jason@gillerpa.com

file@gillerpa.com iren@gillerpa.com

By: /s/Jason Giller, Esq.
JASON B. GILLER
Florida Bar No. 77441

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been served via the Florida Court's E-Filing Portal to Counsel for the Defendants, Marc A. Kupperman, Esq., Law Offices of Marc A Kuperman, Esq., 7695 S.W. 104th Street, Suite 210, Miami, FL 33156 [kupermanlaw@gmail.com, kupermanassistant@gmail.com and makuper@aol.com] and Manuel Rodriguez, Esq., Marenco Warshofsky Padron Rodriguez & Marrero, 357 Almeira Avenue, Suite 103, Coral Gables, Florida 33134 [mannyar@gmail.com, rodriguez@trustcounsel.com, and marenco@trustcounsel.com] on this 2nd day of May, 2019.

/s/ Jason B. Giller, Esq. Fla. Bar. No. 77441

Residential Lease for Single Family Home or Duplex (FOR A TERM NOT TO EXCEED ONE YEAR)



GOVERNED BY CHAPTER 83, PA	IT LEGAL OBLIGATIONS. MANY RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES ARE RT II, RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ACT, FLORIDA STATUTES. A COPY OF THE ENANT ACT IS ATTACHED TO THIS LEASE.
1. PARTIES. This is a lease (the "Le	ease") between Scottie M Pippen Revocable Trust (name and address of owner of the property)
	Fort Lauderdale FL 33316 ("Landlord") and
Lindsay Woloshin	CERTIFIC WILLIAM WITH WELL WITH CHILLIAN
	(name(s) of person(s) to whom the property is leased)
Landlord's E-mail Address:	Tason & gillerpa. Com. ("Tenant").
Landlord's Telephone Number:	305-999-1906
Tenant's E-mail Address:	Lglazerwoloshinegmail.com
Tenant's Telephone Number:	305-989-1078
7, 7, , , , , ,	eases to Tenant the land and buildings located at 3571 Del Lago DR (street address)
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☐ If rent is paid in full, the total payment including			
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blank, 4%	FEES. (Complete if applicable) In addition to rent, Tenant shall pay a late charge in the amount of \$ 4/6 (If left of the rent payment) for each rent payment made 5 days after the day it is due (if left blank, 5 days if rent is paid 1 day if rent is paid weekly).
7. PETS Premises	AND SMOKING. Unless this box is checked or a pet deposit is paid, Tenant may not keep pets or animals on the . If Tenant may keep pets, the pets described in this paragraph are permitted on the Premises.
	lab dog and lat (Specify number of pets, type(s), breed, maximum adult weight of pets.)
Unless th	is box is schecked, no smoking is permitted in the Premises.
8. NOTIC	SES.
Jason	1 B G'ller P.A. is Landlord's Agent. All notices must be sent to
☐ Landl	
X Landi	ord's Agent Jason B Giller Esq. at Jason egillerpa.com or Irenegillerpa.com
to the Ter	Indiord gives Tenant written notice of a change. All notices of such names and addresses or changes thereto shall be delivered nant's residence or, if specified in writing by the Tenant, to any other address. All notices to the Landlord or the Landlord's Agent er is specified above) shall be given by U.S. mail or by hand delivery.
Any notic to Tenan	e to Tenant shall be given by U.S. mail or delivered to Tenant at the Premises. If Tenant is absent from the Premises, a notice i may be given by leaving a copy of the notice at Premises.
existing t	TIES. Tenant shall pay for all utilities services during the Lease Term and connection charges and deposits for activating utility connections to the Premises except for landscoping and pool that Landlord agrees to tandlord's expense (If blank, then "NONE").
maintena	NTENANCE. Landlord shall be responsible for compliance with Section 83.51, Florida Statutes, and shall be responsible for nce and repair of the Premises, unless otherwise stated below: (Fill in each blank space with "Landlord" for Landlord or for Tenant, if left blank, Landlord will be responsible for the item):
Landlord/1	roofs windows screens steps doors stoom floors porches exterior walls foundations plumbing structural components heating hot water scooling smoke detection devices
	garbage removal/ outside receptacles extermination of rats, mice, roaches, ants and bedbugs extermination of wood-destroying organisms lawn /shrubbery pool/spa/hot tub tenant to maintain and replace air filters water treatment filters (specify) ceilings interior walls Other (specify)
Tenant s	hall notify Jasm B Giller PA. at 701 Brickell Ave # Suite 2000 (20th FL) migmi FL
	(name) (address) 33131
(if left bla	nk, Landlord at Landlord's address) and <u>784-30/-3734</u> of maintenance and repair requests.
11. ASS without fi	SIGNMENT. Unless this box is checked, Tenant may not assign the Lease or sublease all or any part of the Premises ret obtaining the Landlord's written approval and consent to the assignment or sublease.
	S AND LOCKS. Landlord shall furnish Tenant
2	# of sets of keys to the dwelling
3	# of mail box keys # of garage door openersDs Ds
Landlord	BG SMPRT (W) () acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page, which is Page 3 of 18.
RLHD-3x	Rev 7/16 Approved on April 15, 2010, by the Supreme Court of Florida, for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar.
Senal#: 0726	19-900150-2835911

If there is a homeowners' associ				
# of keys to	1. 1.			
# of remote control				
	other (specify) to			
At end of Lease Term, all items s	specified in this paragraph s	hall be returned to Scottie M. Pip	gen Revocable Trust	
at 701 Brickell Ave	(address)	OMFL) MIOMI FL (If left blank, 33/31	Landlord at Landlord's address).	
 LEAD-BASED PAINT.	heck and complete if the dissor refers to Landlord and the	welling was built before January 1, 1978. ne term Lessee refers to Tenant).	Lead Warning Statement (when	
properly. Lead exposure is espe-	ecially harmful to young child n lead-based paint and/or	ad from paint, paint chips, and dust can po dren and pregnant women. Before renting lead-based paint hazards in the dwellin	pre-1978 housing I essors must	
Lessor's Disclosure (initial)				
(a) Presence of lead-l (i) Knc	based paint or lead-based p own lead-based paint and/or	paint hazards (check (i) or (ii) below): r lead-based paint hazards are present in t	the housing (explain).	
			The Thirty Williams	
(b) Records and reports (i) Less	orts available to the Lessor (with all available records and reports per		
A COLUMNIA				
(ii) Less the housing.	sor has no reports or reco	ords pertaining to lead-based paint and	d/or lead-based paint hazards in	
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	itial)		CILLY II CILLY MILLIA	
Lessee's Acknowledgment (ini		listed above	EIRY CHEIN EIRY MITTE	
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- 15. LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES. Landlord's Agent may enter the Premises in the following circumstances:
 - A. At any time for the protection or preservation of the Premises.
 - B. After reasonable notice to Tenant at reasonable times for the purpose of repairing the Premises.
 - C. To inspect the Premises; make necessary or agreed-upon repairs, decorations, alterations, or improvements; supply agreed services; or exhibit the Premises to prospective or actual purchasers, mortgagees, tenants, workers, or contractors under any of the following circumstances:
 - (1) with Tenant's consent;
 - (2) in case of emergency;
 - (3) when Tenant unreasonably withholds consent; or
 - (4) if Tenant is absent from the Premises for a period of at least one-half a rental installment period. (If the rent is current and Tenant notifies Landlord of an intended absence, then Landlord may enter only with Tenant's consent or for the protection or preservation of the Premises.)
- 16. HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION. IF TENANT MUST BE APPROVED BY A HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION ("ASSOCIATION"), LANDLORD AND TENANT AGREE THAT THE LEASE IS CONTINGENT UPON RECEIVING APPROVAL FROM THE ASSOCIATION. ANY APPLICATION FEE REQUIRED BY AN ASSOCIATION SHALL BE PAID BY LANDLORD TENANT. IF SUCH APPROVAL IS NOT OBTAINED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF LEASE TERM, EITHER PARTY MAY TERMINATE THE LEASE BY WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE OTHER GIVEN AT ANY TIME PRIOR TO APPROVAL BY THE ASSOCIATION, AND IF THE LEASE IS TERMINATED, TENANT SHALL RECEIVE RETURN OF DEPOSITS SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 5, IF MADE. If the Lease is not terminated, rent shall abate until the approval is obtained from the association. Tenant agrees to use due diligence in applying for association approval and to comply with the requirements for obtaining approval. Landlord Tenant shall pay the security deposit required by the association, if applicable.
- 17. USE OF THE PREMISES. Tenant shall use the Premises for residential purposes. Tenant shall have exclusive use and right of possession to the dwelling. The Premises shall be used so as to comply with all state, county, municipal laws and ordinances, and all covenants and restrictions affecting the Premises and all rules and regulations of homeowners' associations affecting the Premises. Tenant may not paint or make any alterations or improvements to the Premises without first obtaining the Landlord's written consent to the alteration or improvement. However, unless this box [] is checked, Tenant may hang pictures and install window treatments in the Premises without Landlord's consent, provided Tenant removes all such items before the end of the Lease Term and repairs all damage resulting from the removal. Any improvements or alterations to the Premises made by the Tenant shall become Landlord's property. Tenant agrees not to use, keep, or store on the Premises any dangerous, explosive, toxic material which would increase the probability of fire or which would increase the cost of insuring the Premises.

18. RISK OF LOSS/INSURANCE

- A. Landlord and Tenant shall each be responsible for loss, damage, or injury caused by its own negligence or willful conduct.
- B. Tenant should carry insurance covering Tenant's personal property and Tenant's liability insurance.
- 19. PROHIBITED ACTS BY LANDLORD. Landlord is prohibited from taking certain actions as described in Section 83.67, Florida Statutes, the provisions of which can be found in the attachment to this Lease.
- 20. CASUALTY DAMAGE. If the Premises are damaged or destroyed other than by wrongful or negligent acts of Tenant or persons on the Premises with Tenant's consent, so that the use of the Premises is substantially impaired, Tenant may terminate the Lease within 30 days after the damage or destruction and Tenant will immediately vacate the Premises. If Tenant vacates, Tenant is not liable for rent that would have been due after the date of termination. Tenant may vacate the part of the Premises rendered unusable by the damage or destruction, in which case Tenant's liability for rent shall be reduced by the fair rental value of the part of the Premises that was damaged or destroyed.
- 21. DEFAULTS/REMEDIES. Should a party to the Lease fail to fulfill their responsibilities under the Lease or need to determine whether there has been a default of the Lease, refer to Part II, Chapter 83, entitled Florida Residential Landlord and Tenant Act which contains information on defaults and remedies. A copy of the current version of this Act is attached to the Lease.
- 22. SUBORDINATION. The Lease is automatically subordinate to the lien of any mortgage encumbering the fee title to the Premises from time to time.
- 23. LIENS. THE INTEREST OF THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO LIENS FOR IMPROVEMENTS MADE BY THE TENANT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 713.10, FLORIDA STATUTES. Tenant shall notify all parties performing work on the Premises at Tenant's request that the Lease does not allow any liens to attach to Landlord's interest.
- 24. RENEWAL/EXTENSION. The Lease can be renewed or extended only by a written agreement signed by both Landlord and Tenant, but the term of a renewal or extension together with the original Lease Term may not exceed one year. A new lease is required for each year.
- 25. TENANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER. Tenant shall, within 5 business days of obtaining telephone services at the Premises, send written notice to Landlord of Tenant's telephone numbers at the Premises.

26. ATTORNEYS' FEES. In any lawsuit asought to enforce the Lease or under applicable law, the party in whose favor a judgment	or
decree has been rendered may recover reasonable court costs, including attorneys' fees, from the non-prevailing party. Landlold Party and Tenarit () () acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page, which is Page 5 of 18.	O,
Landlold () and Tenarit () acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page, which is Page 5 of 18	
RLHD-3x Rev 7/16 Approved on April 15, 2010, by the Supreme Court of Florida, for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar.	

Serial#: 072819-900150-2835911

27. MISCELLANEOUS.

- Time is of the essence of the performance of each party's obligations under the Lease.

 The Lease shall be binding upon and for the benefit of the heirs, personal representatives, successors, and permitted assigns of Landlord and Tenant, subject to the requirements specifically mentioned in the Lease. Whenever used, the singular number shall include the plural or singular and the use of any gender shall include all appropriate genders.
- C. The agreements contained in the Lease set forth the complete understanding of the parties and may not be changed or terminated orally.
- D. No agreement to accept surrender of the Premises from Tenant will be valid unless in writing and signed by Landlord.
- E. All questions concerning the meaning, execution, construction, effect, validity, and enforcement of the Lease shall be determined pursuant to the laws of Florida.
- F. A facsimile copy of the Lease and any signatures hereon shall be considered for all purposes originals.
 G. As required by law, Landlord makes the following disclosure: "RADON GAS." Radon is a naturally occurring radioactive gas that, when it has accumulated in a building in sufficient quantities, may present health risks to persons who are exposed to it over time. Levels of radon that exceed federal and state guidelines have been found in buildings in Florida. Additional information regarding radon and radon testing may be obtained from your county health department.

Real Estate Licensee	Real Estate Licensee
Real Estate Brokerage Company	Real Estate Brokerage Company
Commission	Commission
RECOVERY OF POSSESSION OF THE DWELLING UNIT DUE T	IAL IN THIS BOXFOR THE FOLLOWING PROVISION T NANT AGREES THAT UPON SURRENDER, ABANDONMENT, O TO THE DEATH OF THE LAST REMAINING TENANT, AS PROVIDE SHALL NOT BE LIABLE OR RESPONSIBLE FOR STORAGE O
The Leave types been executed by the parties on the dates indicate	d below. 10/12/2017
BG For Scottie M Pippen Revocable Trust Landlord's Signature	Date
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Landlord's Signature	Date
Tandis all Silvers	
Landiord's Signature	Date 10/11/2017
indsay Woloshin Jenant Signature	Date
3445478C8DB547C	Suit
Tenant's Signature	Date
This form was completed with the assistance of:	
Name of Individual:	
Name of Business:	
Address:Telephone Number:	
releptione number.	
Copy of Current Version of Florida Residential Landlord and	Tenant Act, Part II, Chapter 83, Florida Statutes to Be Attached
Landlord (JBG SM) and Tenant (W) () acknowledge	

Early Termination Fee/Liquidated Damages Addendum

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JBG For Scottic M Pippen Revocable Trustlandlgcd's. Signature	10/12/2017 Date
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Landlord's Signature	Date
Landlord's Signature	Date
— DocuSigned by:	10/11/2017
Lindsay Woloshin Isasansie: Sisanetire	Date Date
Tenant's Signature	Date

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Florida Residential Landlord and Tenant Act

RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES

- 83.40 Short title.
- 83.41 Application.
- 83.42 Exclusions from application of part.
- 83.43 Definitions
- 83.44 Obligation of good faith.
- 83 45 Unconscionable rental agreement or provision.
- 83.46 Rent; duration of tenancies.
- Prohibited provisions in rental agreements. 83.47
- 83.48 Attorney fees.
- 83.49 Deposit money or advance rent; duty of landlord and tenant.
- 83.50 Disclosure of landlord's address.
- 83.51 Landlord's obligation to maintain premises.
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- 83.53 Landlord's access to dwelling unit.
- 83,535 Flotation bedding system; restrictions on use.
- 83.54 Enforcement of rights and duties; civil action; criminal offenses.
- 83.55 Right of action for damages.
- 83.56 Termination of rental agreement,
- 83.561 Termination of rental agreement upon foreclosure.
- 83.57 Termination of tenancy without specific term.
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- 83.58 Remedies; tenant holding over.
- 83.59 Right of action for possession.
- 83.595 Choice of remedies upon breach or early termination by tenant.
- 83.60 Defenses to action for rent or possession; procedure
- 83.61 Disbursement of funds in registry of court; prompt final hearing
- 83.62 Restoration of possession to landlord.
- 83.625 Power to award possession and enter money judgment
- 83.63 Casualty damage.
- 83.64 Retaliatory conduct.
- Prohibited practices. 83.67
- 83.681 Orders to enjoin violations of this part.
- 83.682 Termination of rental agreement by a servicemember.
- 83.683 Rental application by a servicemember

83.40 Short title. -- This part shall be known as the "Florida Residential Landlord and Tenant Act."

History. -- s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.41 Application. --This part applies to the rental of a dwelling unit. History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; ss. 2, 20, ch. 82-66.

83.42 Exclusions from application of part. -This part does not apply to:

- (1) Residency or detention in a facility, whether public or private, when residence or detention is incidental to the provision of medical, geriatric, educational, counseling, religious, or similar services. For residents of a facility licensed under part II of chapter 400, the provisions of s. 400,0255 are the exclusive procedures for all transfers and discharges.
- (2) Occupancy under a contract of sale of a dwelling unit or the property of which it is a part in which the buyer has paid at least 12 months' rent or in which the buyer has paid at least 1 month's rent and a deposit of at least 5 percent of the purchase price of the property
- (3) Transient occupancy in a hotel, condominium, motel, roominghouse, or similar public lodging, or transient occupancy in a mobile home
- (4) Occupancy by a holder of a proprietary lease in a cooperative apartment.
- (5) Occupancy by an owner of a condominium unit.
- History. -s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 40, ch. 2012-160; s. 1, ch. 2013-136.
- 83.43 Definitions. -- As used in this part, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings unless some other meaning is
- (1) "Building, housing, and health codes" means any law, ordinance, or governmental regulation concerning health, safety, sanitation or fitness for habitation, or the construction, maintenance, operation, occupancy, use, or appearance, of any dwelling unit.
- (2) "Dwelling unit" means:
- (a) A structure or part of a structure that is rented for use as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person or by two or more persons who maintain a common household.
- (b) A mobile home rented by a tenant.
- (c) A structure or part of a structure that is furnished, with or without rent, as an incident of employment for use as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one or more persons.
- (3) "LanderdDsneans the owner or lessor இவ dwelling unit. (4) "Terlant", ஜு. அத்த அரு நடித்தி, entitled to/ pcupy a dwelling unit under a rental agreement

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- (5) "Premises" means a dwelling unit and the structure of which it is a part and a mobile home lot and the appurtenant facilities and grounds, areas, facilities, and property held out for the use of tenants generally.
- (6) "Rent" means the periodic payments due the landlord from the tenant for occupancy under a rental agreement and any other payments due the landlord from the tenant as may be designated as rent in a written rental agreement.
- (7) "Rental agreement" means any written agreement, including amendments or addenda, or oral agreement for a duration of less than 1 year, providing for use and occupancy of premises.
- (8) "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct or transaction concerned.
- (9) "Advance rent" means moneys paid to the landlord to be applied to future rent payment periods, but does not include rent paid in advance for a current rent payment period.
- (10) "Transient occupancy" means occupancy when it is the intention of the parties that the occupancy will be temporary.
- (11) "Deposit money" means any money held by the landlord on behalf of the tenant, including, but not limited to, damage deposits security deposits, advance rent deposit, pet deposit, or any contractual deposit agreed to between landlord and tenant either in writing or
- (12) "Security deposits" means any moneys held by the landlord as security for the performance of the rental agreement, including, but not limited to, monetary damage to the landlord caused by the tenant's breach of lease prior to the expiration thereof.
- (13) "Legal holiday" means holidays observed by the clerk of the court.
- "Servicemember" shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
- (15) "Active duty" shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01
- "State active duty" shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
- (17) "Early termination fee" means any charge, fee, or forfeiture that is provided for in a written rental agreement and is assessed to a tenant when a tenant elects to terminate the rental agreement, as provided in the agreement, and vacates a dwelling unit before the end of the rental agreement. An early termination fee does not include:
- (a) Unpaid rent and other accrued charges through the end of the month in which the landlord retakes possession of the dwelling unit.
- (b) Charges for damages to the dwelling unit.

(c) Charges associated with a rental agreement settlement, release, buyout, or accord and satisfaction agreement.

History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 1, ch. 74-143; s. 1, ch. 81-190; s. 3, ch. 83-151; s. 17, ch. 94-170; s. 2, ch. 2003-72; s. 1, ch. 2008-131.

83.44 Obligation of good faith. -- Every rental agreement or duty within this part imposes an obligation of good faith in its performance or enforcement.

History. -s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.45 Unconscionable rental agreement or provision. -

- (1) If the court as a matter of law finds a rental agreement or any provision of a rental agreement to have been unconscionable at the time it was made, the court may refuse to enforce the rental agreement, enforce the remainder of the rental agreement without the unconscionable provision, or so limit the application of any unconscionable provision as to avoid any unconscionable result.
- (2) When it is claimed or appears to the court that the rental agreement or any provision thereof may be unconscionable, the parties shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to present evidence as to meaning, relationship of the parties, purpose, and effect to aid the court in making the determination.

History. -s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.46 Rent; duration of tenancies. -

- (1) Unless otherwise agreed, rent is payable without demand or notice; periodic rent is payable at the beginning of each rent payment period; and rent is uniformly apportionable from day to day.
- (2) If the rental agreement contains no provision as to duration of the tenancy, the duration is determined by the periods for which the rent is payable. If the rent is payable weekly, then the tenancy is from week to week; if payable monthly, tenancy is from month; if payable quarterly, tenancy is from quarter to quarter; if payable yearly, tenancy is from year to year.
- (3) If the dwelling unit is furnished without rent as an incident of employment and there is no agreement as to the duration of the tenancy, the duration is determined by the periods for which wages are payable. If wages are payable weekly or more frequently, then the tenancy is from week to week; and if wages are payable monthly or no wages are payable, then the tenancy is from month to month. In the event that the employee ceases employment, the employer shall be entitled to rent for the period from the day after the employee ceases employment until the day that the dwelling unit is vacated at a rate equivalent to the rate charged for similarly situated residences in the area. This subsection shall not apply to an employee or a resident manager of an apartment house or an apartment complex when there is a written agreement to the contrary

History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 2, ch. 81-190; s. 2, ch. 87-195; s. 2, ch. 90-133; s. 1, ch. 93-255.

83.47 Prohibited provisions in rental agreements. -

- A provision in a rental agreement is void and unenforceable to the extent that it:
- Purports to waive or preclude the rights, remedies, or requirements set forth in this part.
- Purports to limit or preclude any liability of the landlord to the tenant or of the tenant to the landlord, arising under law.
- (2) If such a void and unenforceable provision is included in a rental agreement entered into, extended, or renewed after the effective date of this part and either party suffers actual damages as a result of the inclusion, the aggrieved party may recover those damages sustained after the effective date of this part.

History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.48 Attorney fees. -- In any civil action brought to enforce the provisions of the rental agreement or this part, the party in whose favor a judgment or decree has been rendered may recover reasonable attorney fees and court costs from the nonprevailing party. The right to attorney fees in this section may not be waived in a lease agreement. However, attorney fees may not be awarded under this section in a claim for personal injury damages based on a breach of duty under s. 83.51. History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 4, ch. 83-151; s. 2, ch. 2013-136.

83.49 Deposismoney or advance rent; duty of landlord and tenant. -

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- (1) Whenever money is deposited or advanced by a tenant on a rental agreement as security for performance of the rental agreement or as advance rent for other than the next immediate rental period, the landlord or the landlord's agent shall either:
- (a) Hold the total amount of such money in a separate non-interest-bearing account in a Florida banking institution for the benefit of the tenant or tenants. The landlord shall not commingle such moneys with any other funds of the landlord or hypothecate, pledge, or in any other way make use of such moneys until such moneys are actually due the landlord;
- (b) Hold the total amount of such money in a separate interest-bearing account in a Florida banking institution for the benefit of the tenant or tenants, in which case the tenant shall receive and collect interest in an amount of at least 75 percent of the annualized average interest rate payable on such account or interest at the rate of 5 percent per year, simple interest, whichever the landlord elects. The landlord shall not commingle such moneys with any other funds of the landlord or hypothecate, pledge, or in any other way make use of such moneys until such moneys are actually due the landlord; or
- (c) Post a surety bond, executed by the landlord as principal and a surety company authorized and licensed to do business in the state as surety, with the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the dwelling unit is located in the total amount of the security deposits and advance rent he or she holds on behalf of the tenants or \$50, 000, whichever is less. The bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful compliance of the landlord with the provisions of this section and shall run to the Governor for the benefit of any tenant injured by the landlord's violation of the provisions of this section. In addition to posting the surety bond, the landlord shall pay to the tenant interest at the rate of 5 percent per year, simple interest. A landlord, or the landlord's agent, engaged in the renting of dwelling units in five or more counties, who holds deposit moneys or advance rent and who is otherwise subject to the provisions of this section, may, in lieu of posting a surety bond in each county, elect to post a surety bond in the form and manner provided in this paragraph with the office of the Secretary of State. The bond shall be in the total amount of the security deposit or advance rent held on behalf of tenants or in the amount of \$250, 000, whichever is less. The bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful compliance of the landlord with the provisions of this section and shall run to the Governor for the benefit of any tenant injured by the landlord's violation of this section. In addition to posting a surety bond, the landlord shall pay to the tenant interest on the security deposit or advance rent held on behalf of that tenant at the rate of 5 percent per vear simple interest
- (2) The landlord shall, in the lease agreement or within 30 days after receipt of advance rent or a security deposit, give written notice to the tenant which includes disclosure of the advance rent or security deposit. Subsequent to providing such written notice, if the landlord changes the manner or location in which he or she is holding the advance rent or security deposit, he or she must notify the tenant within 30 days after the change as provided in paragraphs (a)-(d). The landlord is not required to give new or additional notice solely because the depository has merged with another financial institution, changed its name, or transferred ownership to a different financial institution. This subsection does not apply to any landlord who rents fewer than five individual dwelling units. Failure to give this notice is not a defense to the payment of rent when due. The written notice must:
- Be given in person or by mail to the tenant.
- (b) State the name and address of the depository where the advance rent or security deposit is being held or state that the landlord has posted a surety bond as provided by law.
- (c) State whether the tenant is entitled to interest on the deposit.
- (d) Contain the following disclosure:

YOUR LEASE REQUIRES PAYMENT OF CERTAIN DEPOSITS. THE LANDLORD MAY TRANSFER ADVANCE RENTS TO THE LANDLORD'S ACCOUNT AS THEY ARE DUE AND WITHOUT NOTICE. WHEN YOU MOVE OUT, YOU MUST GIVE THE LANDLORD YOUR NEW ADDRESS SO THAT THE LANDLORD CAN SEND YOU NOTICES REGARDING YOUR DEPOSIT. THE LANDLORD MUST MAIL YOU NOTICE, WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER YOU MOVE OUT, OF THE LANDLORD'S INTENT TO IMPOSE A CLAIM AGAINST THE DEPOSIT. IF YOU DO NOT REPLY TO THE LANDLORD STATING YOUR OBJECTION TO THE CLAIM WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE LANDLORD'S NOTICE, THE LANDLORD WILL COLLECT THE CLAIM AND MUST MAIL YOU THE REMAINING DEPOSIT, IF ANY

IF THE LANDLORD FAILS TO TIMELY MAIL YOU NOTICE, THE LANDLORD MUST RETURN THE DEPOSIT BUT MAY LATER FILE A LAWSUIT AGAINST YOU FOR DAMAGES. IF YOU FAIL TO TIMELY OBJECT TO A CLAIM, THE LANDLORD MAY COLLECT FROM THE DEPOSIT, BUT YOU MAY LATER FILE A LAWSUIT CLAIMING A REFUND.

YOU SHOULD ATTEMPT TO INFORMALLY RESOLVE ANY DISPUTE BEFORE FILING A LAWSUIT. GENERALLY, THE PARTY IN WHOSE FAVOR A JUDGMENT IS RENDERED WILL BE AWARDED COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES PAYABLE BY THE LOSING PARTY.

THIS DISCLOSURE IS BASIC. PLEASE REFER TO PART II OF CHAPTER 83, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO DETERMINE YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS.

(3) The landlord or the landlord's agent may disburse advance rents from the deposit account to the landlord's benefit when the advance rental period commences and without notice to the tenant. For all other deposits:

(a) Upon the vacating of the premises for termination of the lease, if the landlord does not intend to impose a claim on the security deposit, the landlord shall have 15 days to return the security deposit together with interest if otherwise required, or the landlord shall have 30 days to give the tenant written police by contified mail to the tenant's last known mailing address of his or her intention to impose a claim on the to give the tenant written notice by certified mail to the tenant's last known mailing address of his or her intention to impose a claim on the deposit and the reason for imposing the claim. The notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

This is a notice of my intention to impose a claim for damages in the amount of ____ upon your security deposit, due to ____. It is sent to you as required by s. 83.49(3), Florida Statutes. You are hereby notified that you must object in writing to this deduction from your security deposit within 15 days from the time you receive this notice or I will be authorized to deduct my claim from your security deposit. Your objection must be sent to (landlord's address)

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If the landlord fails to give the required notice within the 30-day period, he or she forfeits the right to impose a claim upon the security

- deposit and may not seek a setoff against the deposit but may file an action for damages after return of the deposit.

 (b) Unless the tenant objects to the imposition of the landlord's claim or the amount thereof within 15 days after receipt of the landlord's notice of intention to impose a claim, the landlord may then deduct the amount of his or her claim and shall remit the balance of the deposit to the tenant within 30 days after the date of the notice of intention to impose a claim for damages. The failure of the tenant to make a timely objection does not waive any rights of the tenant to seek damages in a separate action.
- (c) If either party institutes an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to adjudicate the party's right to the security deposit, the prevailing party is entitled to receive his or her court costs plus a reasonable fee for his or her attorney. The court shall advance the cause on the
- (d) Compliance with this section by an individual or business entity authorized to conduct business in this state, including Florida-licensed real estate brokers and sales associates, constitutes compliance with all other relevant Florida Statutes pertaining to security deposits held pursuant to a rental agreement or other landlord-tenant relationship. Enforcement personnel shall look solely to this section to determine compliance. This section prevails over any conflicting provisions in chapter 475 and in other sections of the Florida Statutes, and shall operate to permit licensed real estate brokers to disburse security deposits and deposit money without having to comply with the notice and settlement procedures contained in s. 475.25(1)(d).
- (4) The provisions of this section do not apply to transient rentals by hotels or motels as defined in chapter 509; nor do they apply in those (4) The provisions of this section to not apply to transfer remais by notes of moters as defined in chapter 505, nor do they apply in thos instances in which the amount of rent or deposit, or both, is regulated by law or by rules or regulations of a public body, including public housing authorities and federally administered or regulated housing programs including s. 202, s. 221(d)(3) and (4), s. 236, or s. 8 of the National Housing Act, as amended, other than for rent stabilization. With the exception of subsections (3), (5), and (6), this section is not
- treatment including Act, as americal, other main or rent stabilization, with the exception of subsections (3), (5), and (6), this section is not applicable to housing authorities or public housing agencies created pursuant to chapter 421 or other statutes.

 (5) Except when otherwise provided by the terms of a written lease, any tenant who vacates or abandons the premises prior to the expiration of the term specified in the written lease, or any tenant who vacates or abandons premises which are the subject of a tenancy from week to week, month to month, quarter to quarter, or year to year, shall give at least 7 days' written notice by certified mail or personal delicant to the lead and a state of the stability o delivery to the landlord prior to vacating or abandoning the premises which notice shall include the address where the tenant may be reached. Failure to give such notice shall relieve the landlord of the notice requirement of paragraph (3)(a) but shall not waive any right the tenant may have to the security deposit or any part of it.
- (6) For the purposes of this part, a renewal of an existing rental agreement shall be considered a new rental agreement, and any security
- (6) For the purposes of this part, a renewal of an existing rental agreement shall be considered a new security deposit.

 (7) Upon the sale or transfer of title of the rental property from one owner to another, or upon a change in the designated rental agent, any and all security deposits or advance rents being held for the benefit of the tenants shall be transferred to the new owner or agent, together with any earned interest and with an accurate accounting showing the amounts to be credited to each tenant account. Upon the transfer of such funds and records to the new owner or agent, and upon transmittal of a written receipt therefor, the transferor is free from the obligation imposed in subsection (1) to hold such moneys on behalf of the tenant. There is a rebuttable presumption that any new owner or agent received the security deposit from the previous owner or agent; however, this presumption is limited to 1 month's rent. This subsection does not excuse the landlord or agent for a violation of other provisions of this section while in possession of such deposits. (8) Any person licensed under the provisions of s. 509.241, unless excluded by the provisions of this part, who fails to comply with the provisions of this part shall be subject to a fine or to the suspension or revocation of his or her license by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation in the manner provided in s. 509.261.
- (9) In those cases in which interest is required to be paid to the tenant, the landlord shall pay directly to the tenant, or credit against the current month's rent, the interest due to the tenant at least once annually. However, no interest shall be due a tenant who wrongfully terminates his or her tenancy prior to the end of the rental term.

History. —s. 1, ch. 69-282; s. 3, ch. 70-360; s. 1, ch. 72-19; s. 1, ch. 72-43; s. 5, ch. 73-330; s. 1, ch. 74-93; s. 3, ch. 74-146; ss. 1, 2, ch. 75-133; s. 1, ch. 76-15; s. 1, ch. 77-445; s. 20, ch. 79-400; s. 21, ch. 82-66; s. 5, ch. 83-151; s. 13, ch. 83-217; s. 3, ch. 87-195; s. 1, ch. 87-369; s. 3, ch. 88-379; s. 2, ch. 93-255; s. 5, ch. 94-218; s. 1372, ch. 95-147; s. 1, ch. 96-146; s. 1, ch. 2001-179; s. 53, ch. 2003-164; s. 3, ch. 2013-136.

Note. -Former s. 83.261.

83.50 Disclosure of landlord's address. -In addition to any other disclosure required by law, the landlord, or a person authorized to enter into a rental agreement on the landlord's behalf, shall disclose in writing to the tenant, at or before the commencement of the tenancy, the name and address of the landlord or a person authorized to receive notices and demands in the landlord's behalf. The person so authorized to receive notices and demands retains authority until the tenant is notified otherwise. All notices of such names and addresses or changes thereto shall be delivered to the tenant's residence or, if specified in writing by the tenant, to any other address History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 443, ch. 95-147; s. 5, ch. 2013-136.

83.51 Landlord's obligation to maintain premises. -

(1) The landlord at all times during the tenancy shall:

(a) Comply with the requirements of applicable building, housing, and health codes; or

(b) Where there are no applicable building, housing, or health codes, maintain the roofs, windows, doors, floors, steps, porches, exterior walls, foundations, and all other structural components in good repair and capable of resisting normal forces and loads and the plumbing in reasonable working condition. The landlord, at commencement of the tenancy, must ensure that screens are installed in a reasonable condition. Thereafter, the landlord must repair damage to screens once annually, when necessary, until termination of the rental agreement.

The landlord is not required to maintain a mobile home or other structure owned by the tenant. The landlord's obligations under this subsection may be altered or modified in writing with respect to a single-family home or duplex. (2)(a) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, in addition to the requirements of subsection (1), the landlord of a dwelling unit other than a single-family home or duplex shall, at all times during the tenancy, make reasonable provisions for:

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- 1. The extermination of rats, mice, roaches, ants, wood-destroying organisms, and bedbugs. When vacation of the premises is required for such extermination, the landford is not liable for damages but shall abate the rent. The tenant must temporarily vacate the premises for a period of time not to exceed 4 days, on 7 days' written notice, if necessary, for extermination pursuant to this subparagraph.
- 2. Locks and keys.

2013-136.

- The clean and safe condition of common areas.
- Garbage removal and outside receptacles therefor.
- 5. Functioning facilities for heat during winter, running water, and hot water.
 (b) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, at the commencement of the tenancy of a single-family home or duplex, the landlord shall install working smoke detection devices. As used in this paragraph, the term "smoke detection device" means an electrical or battery-operated device which detects visible or invisible particles of combustion and which is listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Factory Mutual Laboratories, Inc., or any other nationally recognized testing laboratory using nationally accepted testing standards.
- (c) Nothing in this part authorizes the tenant to raise a noncompliance by the landlord with this subsection as a defense to an action for possession under s. 83,59.
- (d) This subsection shall not apply to a mobile home owned by a tenant.
- (e) Nothing contained in this subsection prohibits the landlord from providing in the rental agreement that the tenant is obligated to pay costs or charges for garbage removal, water, fuel, or utilities,
- (3) If the duty imposed by subsection (1) is the same or greater than any duty imposed by subsection (2), the landlord's duty is determined by subsection (1)
- (4) The landlord is not responsible to the tenant under this section for conditions created or caused by the negligent or wrongful act or omission of the tenant, a member of the tenant's family, or other person on the premises with the tenant's consent.

 History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 22, ch. 82-66; s. 4, ch. 87-195; s. 1, ch. 90-133; s. 3, ch. 93-255; s. 444, ch. 95-147; s. 8, ch. 97-95; s. 6, ch

83.52 Tenant's obligation to maintain dwelling unit. -- The tenant at all times during the tenancy shall:

- (1) Comply with all obligations imposed upon tenants by applicable provisions of building, housing, and health codes.
- (2) Keep that part of the premises which he or she occupies and uses clean and sanitary.
- Remove from the tenant's dwelling unit all garbage in a clean and sanitary manner.
- Keep all plumbing fixtures in the dwelling unit or used by the tenant clean and sanitary and in repair.
- (5) Use and operate in a reasonable manner all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning and other facilities and appliances, including elevators.
- (6) Not destroy, deface, damage, impair, or remove any part of the premises or property therein belonging to the landlord nor permit any
- (7) Conduct himself or herself, and require other persons on the premises with his or her consent to conduct themselves, in a manner that does not unreasonably disturb the tenant's neighbors or constitute a breach of the peace. **History**. —s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 445, ch. 95-147.

83.53 Landlord's access to dwelling unit. -

- (1) The tenant shall not unreasonably withhold consent to the landlord to enter the dwelling unit from time to time in order to inspect the premises; make necessary or agreed repairs, decorations, alterations, or improvements; supply agreed services; or exhibit the dwelling unit to prospective or actual purchasers, mortgagees, tenants, workers, or contractors.
- (2) The landlord may enter the dwelling unit at any time for the protection or preservation of the premises. The landlord may enter the dwelling unit upon reasonable notice to the tenant and at a reasonable time for the purpose of repair of the premises. "Reasonable notice" for the purpose of repair is notice given at least 12 hours prior to the entry, and reasonable time for the purpose of repair shall be between the hours of 7: 30 a. m. and 8: 00 p. m. The landlord may enter the dwelling unit when necessary for the further purposes set forth in subsection (1) under any of the following circumstances:
- (a) With the consent of the tenant,
- In case of emergency;
- (c) When the tenant unreasonably withholds consent; or
- (d) If the tenant is absent from the premises for a period of time equal to one-half the time for periodic rental payments. If the rent is current and the tenant notifies the landlord of an intended absence, then the landlord may enter only with the consent of the tenant or for the protection or preservation of the premises.
- (3) The landlord shall not abuse the right of access nor use it to harass the tenant. **History**. –s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 5, ch. 87-195; s. 4, ch. 93-255; s. 446, ch. 95-147.

83.535 Flotation bedding system; restrictions on use. -No landlord may prohibit a tenant from using a flotation bedding system in a dwelling unit, provided the flotation bedding system does not violate applicable building codes. The tenant shall be required to carry in the tenant's name flotation insurance as is standard in the industry in an amount deemed reasonable to protect the tenant and owner against personal injury and property damage to the dwelling units. In any case, the policy shall carry a loss payable clause to the owner of the building

History. -- s. 7, ch. 82-66; s. 5, ch. 93-255.

83.54 Enforcement of rights and duties; civil action; criminal offenses. -- Any right or duty declared in this part is enforceable by civil action. A right or duty enforced by civil action under this section does not preclude prosecution for a criminal offense related to the lease or

History. -- s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 7, ch. 2013-136.

83.55 Right of action for damages. -- If either the landlord or the tenant fails to comply with the requirements of the rental agreement or this part, the aggrieved party may recover the damages caused by the noncompliance. History. -s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.56 Termination of rental agreement. DS	
83.56 Termination of rental agreement. DS Landlord BG SM K Tenant () acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page, which is Page 12 of 18.
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- (1) If the landlord materially fails to comply with s. 83.51(1) or material provisions of the rental agreement within 7 days after delivery of written notice by the tenant specifying the noncompliance and indicating the intention of the tenant to terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement. If the failure to comply with s. 83.51(1) or material provisions of the rental agreement is due to causes beyond the control of the landlord and the landlord has made and continues to make every reasonable effort to correct the failure to comply, the rental agreement may be terminated or altered by the parties, as follows:
- (a) If the landlord's failure to comply renders the dwelling unit untenantable and the tenant vacates, the tenant shall not be liable for rent during the period the dwelling unit remains uninhabitable.
- (b) If the landlord's failure to comply does not render the dwelling unit untenantable and the tenant remains in occupancy, the rent for the period of noncompliance shall be reduced by an amount in proportion to the loss of rental value caused by the noncompliance. (2) If the tenant materially fails to comply with s. 83.52 or material provisions of the rental agreement, other than a failure to pay rent, or reasonable rules or regulations, the landlord may:
- (a) If such noncompliance is of a nature that the tenant should not be given an opportunity to cure it or if the noncompliance constitutes a subsequent or continuing noncompliance within 12 months of a written warning by the landlord of a similar violation, deliver a written notice to the tenant specifying the noncompliance and the landlord's intent to terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof. Examples of noncompliance which are of a nature that the tenant should not be given an opportunity to cure include, but are not limited to, destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's or other tenants' property by intentional act or a subsequent or continued unreasonable disturbance. In such event, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement, and the tenant shall have 7 days from the date that the notice is delivered to vacate the premises. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

You are advised that your lease is terminated effective immediately. You shall have 7 days from the delivery of this letter to vacate the premises. This action is taken because (cite the noncompliance).

(b) If such noncompliance is of a nature that the tenant should be given an opportunity to cure it, deliver a written notice to the tenant specifying the noncompliance, including a notice that, if the noncompliance is not corrected within 7 days from the date that the written notice is delivered, the landlord shall terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof. Examples of such noncompliance include, but are not limited to, activities in contravention of the lease or this part such as having or permitting unauthorized pets, guests, or vehicles, parking in an unauthorized manner or permitting such parking; or failing to keep the premises clean and sanitary. If such noncompliance recurs within 12 months after notice, an eviction action may commence without delivering a subsequent notice pursuant to paragraph (a) or this paragraph. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

You are hereby notified that (cite the noncompliance). Demand is hereby made that you remedy the noncompliance within 7 days of receipt of this notice or your lease shall be deemed terminated and you shall vacate the premises upon such termination. If this same conduct or conduct of a similar nature is repeated within 12 months, your tenancy is subject to termination without further warning and without your being given an opportunity to cure the noncompliance.

(3) If the tenant fails to pay rent when due and the default continues for 3 days, excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays, after delivery of written demand by the landlord for payment of the rent or possession of the premises, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement. Legal holidays for the purpose of this section shall be court-observed holidays only. The 3-day notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

You are hereby notified that you are indebted to me in the sum of dollars for the rent and use of the premises (address of leased premises, including county), Florida, now occupied by you and that I demand payment of the rent or possession of the premises within 3 days (excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays) from the date of delivery of this notice, to wit: on or before the day of , (year).

(landlord's name, address and phone number)

- (4) The delivery of the written notices required by subsections (1), (2), and (3) shall be by mailing or delivery of a true copy thereof or, if the tenant is absent from the premises, by leaving a copy thereof at the residence. The notice requirements of subsections (1), (2), and (3) may not be waived in the lease
- (5)(a) If the landlord accepts rent with actual knowledge of a noncompliance by the tenant or accepts performance by the tenant of any other provision of the rental agreement that is at variance with its provisions, or if the tenant pays rent with actual knowledge of a noncompliance by the landlord or accepts performance by the landlord of any other provision of the rental agreement that is at variance with its provisions, the landlord or tenant waives his or her right to terminate the rental agreement or to bring a civil action for that noncompliance, but not for any subsequent or continuing noncompliance. However, a landlord does not waive the right to terminate the rental agreement or to bring a civil action for that noncompliance by accepting partial rent for the period. If partial rent is accepted after posting the notice for nonpayment, the landlord must:
- 1. Provide the tenant with a receipt stating the date and amount received and the agreed upon date and balance of rent due before filing an
- 2. Place the amount of partial rent accepted from the tenant in the registry of the court upon filing the action for possession; or
- 3. Post a new 3-day notice reflecting the new amount due.
 (b) Any tenant who wishes to defend against an action by the landlord for possession of the unit for noncompliance of the rental agreement or of relevant statutes must comply with s. 83.60(2). The court may not set a date for mediation or trial unless the provisions of s. 83.60(2) have been met, but must enter a default judgment for removal of the tenant with a writ of possession to issue immediately if the tenant fails
- (c) This subsection does not apply to that portion of rent subsidies received from a local, state, or national government or an agency of local, state, or national government; however, waiver will occur if an action has not been instituted within 45 days after the landlord obtains actual knowledge of the noncompliance.
- (6) If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord shall comply with s. 83.49(3).

History. -s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 23, ch. 82-66; s. 6, ch. 83-151; s. 14, ch. 83-217; s. 6, ch. 87-195; s. 6, ch. 93-255; s. 6, ch. 94-170; s. 1373, ch. 95-147; s. 5, ch. 99-6; s. 8, ch. 2013-136.

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83.561 Termination of rental agreement upon foreclosure. --

- (1) If a tenant is occupying residential premises that are the subject of a foreclosure sale, upon issuance of a certificate of title following the sale, the purchaser named in the certificate of title takes title to the residential premises subject to the rights of the tenant under this
- (a) The tenant may remain in possession of the premises for 30 days following the date of the purchaser's delivery of a written 30-day notice of termination.
- (b) The tenant is entitled to the protections of s. 83.67.
- (c) The 30-day notice of termination must be in substantially the following form:

NOTICE TO TENANT OF TERMINATION

You are hereby notified that your rental agreement is terminated on the date of delivery of this notice, that your occupancy is terminated 30 days following the date of the delivery of this notice, and that I demand possession of the premises on (date). If you do not vacate the premises by that date, I will ask the court for an order allowing me to remove you and your belongings from the premises. You are obligated to pay rent during the 30-day period for any amount that might accrue during that period. Your rent must be delivered to (landlord's name and address)

- (d) The 30-day notice of termination shall be delivered in the same manner as provided in s. 83.56(4).
- (2) The purchaser at the foreclosure sale may apply to the court for a writ of possession based upon a sworn affidavit that the 30-day notice of termination was delivered to the tenant and the tenant has failed to vacate the premises at the conclusion of the 30-day period. If the court awards a writ of possession, the writ must be served on the tenant. The writ of possession shall be governed by s. 83.62.
- (3) This section does not apply if:
- (a) The tenant is the mortgagor in the subject foreclosure or is the child, spouse, or parent of the mortgagor in the subject foreclosure.
- (b) The tenant's rental agreement is not the result of an arm's length transaction.
- (c) The tenant's rental agreement allows the tenant to pay rent that is substantially less than the fair market rent for the premises, unless the rent is reduced or subsidized due to a federal, state, or local subsidy.
- (4) A purchaser at a foreclosure sale of a residential premises occupied by a tenant does not assume the obligations of a landlord, except as provided in paragraph (1)(b), unless or until the purchaser assumes an existing rental agreement with the tenant that has not ended or enters into a new rental agreement with the tenant.

History. -s. 1, ch. 2015-96.

- 83.57 Termination of tenancy without specific term. -- A tenancy without a specific duration, as defined in s. 83.46(2) or (3), may be terminated by either party giving written notice in the manner provided in s. 83.56(4), as follows:
- (1) When the tenancy is from year to year, by giving not less than 60 days' notice prior to the end of any annual period;
- (2) When the tenancy is from quarter to quarter, by giving not less than 30 days' notice prior to the end of any quarterly period; (3) When the tenancy is from month to month, by giving not less than 15 days' notice prior to the end of any monthly period; and
- (4) When the tenancy is from week to week, by giving not less than 7 days' notice prior to the end of any weekly period. History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 3, ch. 81-190; s. 15, ch. 83-217.

83,575 Termination of tenancy with specific duration. --

- (1) A rental agreement with a specific duration may contain a provision requiring the tenant to notify the landlord within a specified period before vacating the premises at the end of the rental agreement, if such provision requires the landlord to notify the tenant within such notice period if the rental agreement will not be renewed; however, a rental agreement may not require more than 60 days' notice from either the tenant or the landlord.
- (2) A rental agreement with a specific duration may provide that if a tenant fails to give the required notice before vacating the premises at the end of the rental agreement, the tenant may be liable for liquidated damages as specified in the rental agreement if the landlord provides written notice to the tenant specifying the tenant's obligations under the notification provision contained in the lease and the date the rental agreement is terminated. The landlord must provide such written notice to the tenant within 15 days before the start of the notification period contained in the lease. The written notice shall list all fees, penalties, and other charges applicable to the tenant under this subsection.
- (3) If the tenant remains on the premises with the permission of the landlord after the rental agreement has terminated and fails to give notice required under s. 83.57(3), the tenant is liable to the landlord for an additional 1 month's rent. History. -s. 3, ch. 2003-30; s. 1, ch. 2004-375; s. 9, ch. 2013-136.
- 83.58 Remedies; tenant holding over. -- If the tenant holds over and continues in possession of the dwelling unit or any part thereof after the expiration of the rental agreement without the permission of the landlord, the landlord may recover possession of the dwelling unit in the manner provided for in s. 83.59. The landlord may also recover double the amount of rent due on the dwelling unit, or any part thereof, for the period during which the tenant refuses to surrender possession. **History**. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 10, ch. 2013-136.

83.59 Right of action for possession. --

- (1) If the rental agreement is terminated and the tenant does not vacate the premises, the landlord may recover possession of the dwelling unit as provided in this section.
- (2) A landlord, the landlord's attorney, or the landlord's agent, applying for the removal of a tenant, shall file in the county court of the county where the premises are situated a complaint describing the dwelling unit and stating the facts that authorize its recovery. A landlord's agent is not permitted to take any action other than the initial filing of the complaint, unless the landlord's agent is an attorney The landlord is entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011, and the court shall advance the cause on the calendar.
- (3) The landlord shall not recover possession of a dwelling unit except:
- (a) In an action for possession under subsection (2) or other civil action in which the issue of right of possession is determined;
 (b) When the tenant has surrendered possession of the dwelling unit to the landlord;

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- (c) When the tenant has abandoned the dwelling unit. In the absence of actual knowledge of abandonment, it shall be presumed that the tenant has abandoned the dwelling unit if he or she is absent from the premises for a period of time equal to one-half the time for periodic rental payments. However, this presumption does not apply if the rent is current or the tenant has notified the landlord, in writing, of an intended absence; or
- (d) When the last remaining tenant of a dwelling unit is deceased, personal property remains on the premises, rent is unpaid, at least 60 days have elapsed following the date of death, and the landlord has not been notified in writing of the existence of a probate estate or of the name and address of a personal representative. This paragraph does not apply to a dwelling unit used in connection with a federally administered or regulated housing program, including programs under s. 202, s. 221(d)(3) and (4), s. 236, or s. 8 of the National Housing

(4) The prevailing party is entitled to have judgment for costs and execution therefor.

History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 1, ch. 74-146; s. 24, ch. 82-66; s. 1, ch. 92-36; s. 447, ch. 95-147; s. 1, ch. 2007-136; s. 11, ch. 2013-136.

- 83.595 Choice of remedies upon breach or early termination by tenant. -- If the tenant breaches the rental agreement for the dwelling unit and the landlord has obtained a writ of possession, or the tenant has surrendered possession of the dwelling unit to the landlord, or the tenant has abandoned the dwelling unit, the landlord may:
- (1) Treat the rental agreement as terminated and retake possession for his or her own account, thereby terminating any further liability of
- (2) Retake possession of the dwelling unit for the account of the tenant, holding the tenant liable for the difference between the rent stipulated to be paid under the rental agreement and what the landlord is able to recover from a reletting. If the landlord retakes possession, the landlord has a duty to exercise good faith in attempting to relet the premises, and any rent received by the landlord as a result of the reletting must be deducted from the balance of rent due from the tenant. For purposes of this subsection, the term "good faith in attempting to relet the premises" means that the landlord uses at least the same efforts to relet the premises as were used in the initial rental or at least the same efforts as the landlord uses in attempting to rent other similar rental units but does not require the landlord to give a preference in renting the premises over other vacant dwelling units that the landlord owns or has the responsibility to rent; (3) Stand by and do nothing, holding the lessee liable for the rent as it comes due; or
- (4) Charge liquidated damages, as provided in the rental agreement, or an early termination fee to the tenant if the landlord and tenant have agreed to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, if the amount does not exceed 2 months' rent, and if, in the case of an early termination fee, the tenant is required to give no more than 60 days' notice, as provided in the rental agreement, prior to the proposed date of early termination. This remedy is available only if the tenant and the landlord, at the time the rental agreement was made, indicated acceptance of liquidated damages or an early termination fee. The tenant must indicate acceptance of liquidated damages or an early termination fee by signing a separate addendum to the rental agreement containing a provision in substantially the following form:
- ? I agree, as provided in the rental agreement, to pay \$_____ (an amount that does not exceed 2 months' rent) as liquidated damages or an early termination fee if I elect to terminate the rental agreement, and the landlord waives the right to seek additional rent beyond the month in which the landlord retakes possession.
- ? I do not agree to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, and I acknowledge that the landlord may seek damages as provided by
- (a) In addition to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, the landlord is entitled to the rent and other charges accrued through the end of the month in which the landlord retakes possession of the dwelling unit and charges for damages to the dwelling unit. (b) This subsection does not apply if the breach is failure to give notice as provided in s. 83.575. **History**. --s. 2, ch. 87-369; s. 4, ch. 88-379; s. 448, ch. 95-147; s. 2, ch. 2008-131.

83.60 Defenses to action for rent or possession; procedure. -

(1)(a) In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit based upon nonpayment of rent or in an action by the landlord under s. 83.55 seeking to recover unpaid rent, the tenant may defend upon the ground of a material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1), or may raise any other defense, whether legal or equitable, that he or she may have, including the defense of retaliatory conduct in accordance with s. 83.64. The landlord must be given an opportunity to cure a deficiency in a notice or in the pleadings before dismissal of the action. (b) The defense of a material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) may be raised by the tenant if 7 days have elapsed after the delivery of written notice by the tenant to the landlord, specifying the noncompliance and indicating the intention of the tenant not to pay rent by reason written notice by the tenant to the landiord, specifying the noncompliance and indicating the intention of the tenant not to pay rent by reason thereof. Such notice by the tenant may be given to the landiord, the landiord's representative as designated pursuant to s. 83.50, a resident manager, or the person or entity who collects the rent on behalf of the landlord. A material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) by the landlord is a complete defense to an action for possession based upon nonpayment of rent, and, upon hearing, the court or the jury, as the case may be, shall determine the amount, if any, by which the rent is to be reduced to reflect the diminution in value of the dwelling unit during the period of noncompliance with s. 83.51(1). After consideration of all other relevant issues, the court shall enter appropriate judgment. (2) In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit, if the tenant interposes any defense other than payment, including, but not limited to, the defense of a defective 3-day notice, the tenant shall pay into the registry of the court the accrued rent as alleged in the complaint or as determined by the court and the rent that accrues during the pendency of the proceeding, when due. The clerk shall notify the tenant of such requirement in the summons. Failure of the tenant to pay the rent into the registry of the court or to file a motion to determine the amount of rent to be paid into the registry within 5 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after the date of service of process constitutes an absolute waiver of the tenant's defenses other than payment, and the landlord is entitled to an immediate default judgment for removal of the tenant with a writ of possession to issue without further notice or hearing thereon. If a motion to determine rent is filed, documentation in support of the allegation that the rent as alleged in the complaint is in error is required. Public housing tenants or tenants receiving rent subsidies are required to deposit only that portion of the full rent for which they are responsible pursuant to the federal, state, or local program in which they are participating.

History. -s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 7, ch. 83-151; s. 7, ch. 87-195; s. 7, ch. 93-255; s. 7, ch. 94-170; s. 1374, ch. 95-147; s. 12, ch. 2013-136.

83.61 Disbursement of funds in registry of court; prompt final hearing. —When the tenant has deposited funds into the registry of the court in accordance with the provisions of \$583.60(2) and the landlord is in actual danger of loss of the premises or other personal hardship JBG SMPRT and Tenart (W) acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page, which is Page 15 of 18. Serial#: 072819-900150-2835911

resulting from the loss of rental income from the premises, the landlord may apply to the court for disbursement of all or part of the funds or for prompt final hearing. The court shall advance the cause on the calendar. The court, after preliminary hearing, may award all or any portion of the funds on deposit to the landlord or may proceed immediately to a final resolution of the cause. History. -s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 2, ch. 74-146.

83.62 Restoration of possession to landlord. -

(1) In an action for possession, after entry of judgment in favor of the landlord, the clerk shall issue a writ to the sheriff describing the premises and commanding the sheriff to put the landlord in possession after 24 hours' notice conspicuously posted on the premises. Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays do not stay the 24-hour notice period.

(2) At the time the sheriff executes the writ of possession or at any time thereafter, the landlord or the landlord's agent may remove any personal property found on the premises to or near the property line. Subsequent to executing the writ of possession, the landlord may request the sheriff to stand by to keep the peace while the landlord changes the locks and removes the personal property from the premises. When such a request is made, the sheriff may charge a reasonable hourly rate, and the person requesting the sheriff to stand by to keep the peace shall be responsible for paying the reasonable hourly rate set by the sheriff. Neither the sheriff nor the landlord or the landlord's agent shall be liable to the tenant or any other party for the loss, destruction, or damage to the property after it has been removed.

History. -s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 3, ch. 82-66; s. 5, ch. 88-379; s. 8, ch. 94-170; s. 1375, ch. 95-147; s. 2, ch. 96-146; s. 13, ch. 2013-136.

83.625 Power to award possession and enter money judgment. -In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit based upon nonpayment of rent, if the court finds the rent is due, owing, and unpaid and by reason thereof the landlord is entitled to possession of the premises, the court, in addition to awarding possession of the premises to the landlord, shall direct, in an amount which is within its jurisdictional limitations, the entry of a money judgment with costs in favor of the landlord and against the tenant for the amount of money found due, owing, and unpaid by the tenant to the landlord. However, no money judgment shall be entered unless service of process has been effected by personal service or, where authorized by law, by certified or registered mail, return receipt, or in any other manner prescribed by law or the rules of the court; and no money judgment may be entered except in compliance with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. The prevailing party in the action may also be awarded attorney's fees and costs. **History**. -s. 1, ch. 75-147; s. 8, ch. 87-195; s. 6, ch. 88-379.

83.63 Casualty damage. -- If the premises are damaged or destroyed other than by the wrongful or negligent acts of the tenant so that the enjoyment of the premises is substantially impaired, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement and immediately vacate the premises. The tenant may vacate the part of the premises rendered unusable by the casualty, in which case the tenant's liability for rent shall be reduced by the fair rental value of that part of the premises damaged or destroyed. If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord shall comply with s. 83.49(3)

History. --s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 449, ch. 95-147; s. 14, ch. 2013-136.

83.64 Retaliatory conduct. -

- (1) It is unlawful for a landlord to discriminatorily increase a tenant's rent or decrease services to a tenant, or to bring or threaten to bring an action for possession or other civil action, primarily because the landlord is retaliating against the tenant. In order for the tenant to raise the defense of retaliatory conduct, the tenant must have acted in good faith. Examples of conduct for which the landlord may not retaliate include, but are not limited to, situations where:
- (a) The tenant has complained to a governmental agency charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building, housing, or health code of a suspected violation applicable to the premises;
- (b) The tenant has organized, encouraged, or participated in a tenant organization;
- (c) The tenant has complained to the landlord pursuant to s. 83.56(1);
 (d) The tenant is a servicemember who has terminated a rental agreement pursuant to s. 83.682;
- (e) The tenant has paid rent to a condominium, cooperative, or homeowners' association after demand from the association in order to pay the landlord's obligation to the association; or
- (f) The tenant has exercised his or her rights under local, state, or federal fair housing laws.
- (2) Evidence of retaliatory conduct may be raised by the tenant as a defense in any action brought against him or her for possession.
- (3) In any event, this section does not apply if the landlord proves that the eviction is for good cause. Examples of good cause include, but are not limited to, good faith actions for nonpayment of rent, violation of the rental agreement or of reasonable rules, or violation of the terms of this chapter.
- (4) "Discrimination" under this section means that a tenant is being treated differently as to the rent charged, the services rendered, or the action being taken by the landlord, which shall be a prerequisite to a finding of retaliatory conduct. History. --s. 8, ch. 83-151; s. 450, ch. 95-147; s. 3, ch. 2003-72; s. 15, ch. 2013-136.

- (1) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not cause, directly or indirectly, the termination or interruption of any utility service furnished the tenant, including, but not limited to, water, heat, light, electricity, gas, elevator, garbage collection, or refrigeration, whether or not the utility service is under the control of, or payment is made by, the landlord.
- (2) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not prevent the tenant from gaining reasonable access to the dwelling unit by any means, including, but not limited to, changing the locks or using any bootlock or similar device.
- (3) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not discriminate against a servicemember in offering a dwelling unit for rent or in any of the terms of the rental agreement.
- (4) A landlord shall not prohibit a tenant from displaying one portable, removable, cloth or plastic United States flag, not larger than 4 and 1/2 feet by 6 feet, in a respectful manner in or on the dwelling unit regardless of any provision in the rental agreement dealing with flags or decorations. The United States flag shall be displayed in accordance with s. 83.52(6). The landlord is not liable for damages caused by a United States flag displayed by a tenant. Any United States flag may not infringe upon the space rented by any other tenant.
- (5) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not remove the outside doors, locks, roof, walls, or windows of the unit except for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement; and the landlord shall not remove the tenant's personal property from the dwelling unit unless sach astion is taken after surrendersabandonment, recovery of possession of the dwelling unit due to the death of the last remaining

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tenant in accordance with s. 83.59(3)(d), or a lawful eviction. If provided in the rental agreement or a written agreement separate from the rental agreement, upon surrender or abandonment by the tenant, the landlord is not required to comply with s. 715.104 and is not liable or responsible for storage or disposition of the tenant's personal property; if provided in the rental agreement, there must be printed or clearly stamped on such rental agreement a legend in substantially the following form:

BY SIGNING THIS RENTAL AGREEMENT, THE TENANT AGREES THAT UPON SURRENDER, ABANDONMENT, OR RECOVERY OF POSSESSION OF THE DWELLING UNIT DUE TO THE DEATH OF THE LAST REMAINING TENANT, AS PROVIDED BY CHAPTER 83, FLORIDA STATUTES, THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT BE LIABLE OR RESPONSIBLE FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSITION OF THE TENANT'S PERSONAL PROPERTY.

For the purposes of this section, abandonment shall be as set forth in s. 83.59(3)(c).

- (6) A landlord who violates any provision of this section shall be liable to the tenant for actual and consequential damages or 3 months' rent, whichever is greater, and costs, including attorney's fees. Subsequent or repeated violations that are not contemporaneous with the initial violation shall be subject to separate awards of damages.
- (7) A violation of this section constitutes irreparable harm for the purposes of injunctive relief.
- (8) The remedies provided by this section are not exclusive and do not preclude the tenant from pursuing any other remedy at law or equity that the tenant may have. The remedies provided by this section shall also apply to a servicemember who is a prospective tenant who has

been discriminated against under subsection (3).

History. --s. 3, ch. 87-369; s. 7, ch. 88-379; s. 3, ch. 90-133; s. 3, ch. 96-146; s. 2, ch. 2001-179; s. 2, ch. 2003-30; s. 4, ch. 2003-72; s. 1, ch. 2004-236; s. 2, ch. 2007-136.

- 83.681 Orders to enjoin violations of this part. —
 (1) A landlord who gives notice to a tenant of the landlord's intent to terminate the tenant's lease pursuant to s. 83.56(2)(a), due to the tenant's intentional destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's property may petition the county or circuit court for an injunction prohibiting the tenant from continuing to violate any of the provisions of that part.
- (2) The court shall grant the relief requested pursuant to subsection (1) in conformity with the principles that govern the granting of injunctive relief from threatened loss or damage in other civil cases.
- (3) Evidence of a tenant's intentional destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's property in an amount greater than twice the value of money deposited with the landlord pursuant to s. 83.49 or \$300, whichever is greater, shall constitute irreparable harm for the purposes of injunctive relief.

History. -s. 8, ch. 93-255; s. 451, ch. 95-147.

83.682 Termination of rental agreement by a servicemember. -

- (1) Any servicemember may terminate his or her rental agreement by providing the landlord with a written notice of termination to be effective on the date stated in the notice that is at least 30 days after the landlord's receipt of the notice if any of the following criteria are
- (a) The servicemember is required, pursuant to a permanent change of station orders, to move 35 miles or more from the location of the rental premises;
- (b) The servicemember is prematurely or involuntarily discharged or released from active duty or state active duty;
- (c) The servicemember is released from active duty or state active duty after having leased the rental premises while on active duty or state active duty status and the rental premises is 35 miles or more from the servicemember's home of record prior to entering active duty or state active duty:
- (d) After entering into a rental agreement, the servicemember receives military orders requiring him or her to move into government quarters or the servicemember becomes eligible to live in and opts to move into government quarters;
- (e) The servicemember receives temporary duty orders, temporary change of station orders, or state active duty orders to an area 35 miles or more from the location of the rental premises, provided such orders are for a period exceeding 60 days; or
- (f) The servicemember has leased the property, but prior to taking possession of the rental premises, receives a change of orders to an area that is 35 miles or more from the location of the rental premises.
- (2) The notice to the landlord must be accompanied by either a copy of the official military orders or a written verification signed by the servicemember's commanding officer
- (3) In the event a servicemember dies during active duty, an adult member of his or her immediate family may terminate the servicemember's rental agreement by providing the landlord with a written notice of termination to be effective on the date stated in the notice that is at least 30 days after the landlord's receipt of the notice. The notice to the landlord must be accompanied by either a copy of the official military orders showing the servicemember was on active duty or a written verification signed by the servicemember's commanding officer and a copy of the servicemember's death certificate.
- (4) Upon termination of a rental agreement under this section, the tenant is liable for the rent due under the rental agreement prorated to the effective date of the termination payable at such time as would have otherwise been required by the terms of the rental agreement. The tenant is not liable for any other rent or damages due to the early termination of the tenancy as provided for in this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, if a tenant terminates the rental agreement pursuant to this section 14 or more days prior to occupancy, no damages or penalties of any kind will be assessable.
- (5) The provisions of this section may not be waived or modified by the agreement of the parties under any circumstances. **History**. –s. 6, ch. 2001-179; s. 1, ch. 2002-4; s. 1, ch. 2003-30; s. 5, ch. 2003-72.

83.683 Rental application by a servicemember. -

(1) If a landlord requires a prospective tenant to complete a rental application before residing in a rental unit, the landlord must complete processing of a rental application submitted by a prospective tenant who is a servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01, within 7 days after submission and must, within that 7-day period, notify the servicemember in writing of an application approval or denial and, if denied, the reason for denial. Absent a timely denial of the rental application, the landlord must lease the rental unit to the servicemember if all other terms of the application and lease are complied with.

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- (2) If a condominium association, as defined in chapter 718, a cooperative association, as defined in chapter 719, or a homeowners' association, as defined in chapter 720, requires a prospective tenant of a condominium unit, cooperative unit, or parcel within the association's control to complete a rental application before residing in a rental unit or parcel, the association must complete processing of a rental application submitted by a prospective tenant who is a servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01, within 7 days after submission and must, within that 7-day period, notify the servicemember in writing of an application approval or denial and, if denied, the reason for the denial. Absent timely denial of the rental application, the association must allow the unit or parcel owner to lease the rental unit or parcel to the servicemember and the landlord must lease the unit or parcel to the servicemember if all other terms of the application and lease are complied with.
- (3) The provisions of this section may not be waived or modified by the agreement of the parties under any circumstances.

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FIRST ADDENDUM TO LEASE

By and Between
Scottie M. Pippen Revocable Trust ("Landlord")
And
Lindsay Woloshin ("Tenant")
For the property located at
2571 Del Lago Drive, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33316 (the "Property")

- 1. This First Addendum to Lease is executed simultaneous with the Lease, and shall control in the event of any inconsistencies therewith.
- 2. Tenant shall have the right to terminate the Lease after January 12, 2018, so long as Tenant provides notice to Landlord's Agent on or before January 2, 2018. In the event notice is not given as required, the lease shall continue on a month-to-month basis until such time as either party provides written notice of cancellation to the other with no less than thirty (30) days written notice.
- 3. During the term of the Lease, Tenant and her family, invitees, employees, agents, employs and permittees shall keep the Property in top show condition. Tenant and the aforementioned parties recognize and acknowledge that the Property is currently on the market for sale and has an estimated market value in excess of \$10,000,000.00. Likewise, Tenant shall allow Landlord and its agents, brokers, and authorized persons reasonable access to show, inspect or otherwise access the Property with 24 hours-notice to Tenant. The assurances and provisions of this paragraph 3 were material and induced Landlord to enter into the Lease.
- Security Deposit to be held by Landlord's Broker, Tim Elmes of Coldwell Banker Florida.
- 5. At end of Lease, Tenant shall surrender Property to Landlord in the same condition as it was delivered. Tenant agrees that Property and its contents shall be kept in pristine condition and are not subject to reasonable wear and tear.

LANDLORD

-DocuSigned by:

JBG For Scottie M Pippen Revocable Trust Scottie M. Rippen Revocable Trust TENANT

Indsay Woloshin

RIDER TO LEASE - LANDLORD AND TENANT AGREE TO THE FOLLOWING:

- 1- Tenant is responsible for all the utilities in the home, except landscaping and pool maintenance.
- 2- If Tenants displacement exceeds the term of this lease, landlord and tenant both have to approve the lease to continue on a month-to-month basis at a rate of \$30,000.00/mo, with 30 days notice to landlord. CRS will wire \$30,000.00 to owner, out of that rent owner will send \$5,000.00 directly to JRD Associates, every month it goes over lease term. 1556 River Road #A, Edgewater NJ 07020 by check or wire. JRD Associates will provide owner with their W9.
- 3- This property will be fully furnished by owner i.e.; furniture, lamps, rugs, tv's, all kitchenware, linens, towels, bathroom accessories, etc.
- 4- Rental will be professionally cleaned before tenants move in.
- 5- All notices to landlord from CRS Temp Housing will be sent via email to owners representative Jason Giller at icenacyan-representative Jason Giller (<a href="mailto:icenacyan-representative"
- 6- Owner or owners representative, can show the house for sale with 24hrs notice to tenant.
- 7- Tenant and Tenants Representative may conduct a walk through before move in. Any existing damages will be documented and photographed to protect security deposit.
- 8- The Woloshin's authorize CRS Temp Housing to act on their behalf to give notice to extend or end the lease.
- 9- Insurers will provide owner with renters insurance before move in, in the amount of \$1,000,000.00. Such insurance policy will cover furnishings, tenants personal property, casualty and liability insurance, and will name landlord as an additional insured and loss payee under the policy.
- 10- Wine Cellar will stay locked
- 11- Tenants will allow owners housekeeper to come to the house once or twice a week to clean. Landlord will pay for his own housekeeper. Housekeeper or owners agent will contact tenant to set up weekly day/time.
- 12- CRS Temp Housing will pay 3 months rent upfront (paid in full). Plus refundable security deposit. It will be wired to landlords account upon signing of lease.

\$30,000.00 (10/13/17-11/12/17) 1st mo rent \$30,000.00 (11/13/17-12/12/17) 2nd mo rent \$30,000.00 (12/13/17-01/12/18) 3rd mo rent \$50,000.00 Refundable Security Deposit minus - \$15,000.00 which CRS Temp Housing will keep and send directly to JRD Associates.

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TOTAL TO BE WIRED TO OWNER, UPON SIGNING OF LEASE IS \$125,000.00

JBG For Scottie M Pippen Revocable Trust SGQIJIEM PIPPEN REVOCABLE TRUST	10/12/2017 DATE	
- Docusigned by: Lindsay Woloshin - LINDSAYAWOLOSHIN		
LINDSAY, WOLOSHIN	DATE	
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